Pioneering Red Blood Cell Therapeutics

The future of medicine is in our blood

Scarlet's mission is to pioneer the use of **universal** red blood cells, unmodified or modified, for the benefit of human health



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Team Bios



Dr. Alistair Irvine (CEO)

Alistair has 30 years experience in biotech and medical device companies in senior R&D and corporate development roles. Prior to Scarlet he was Chief Business Officer of Kuros Biosciences AG which he took from 5 people to a commercial stage publicly quoted company (~\$1B Mkt Cap; Nov 2024).



Prof. Ash Toye (CSO)

Ash is a Professor of Cell Biology and Director of the NIHR Blood & Transplant Unit (BTRU) in red cell products at the University of Bristol. He is also a PI at NHS Blood & Transplant. Ash's research focusses on red blood cell development in health & disease, and synthetic biology approaches to engineer red blood cells for therapeutic applications.



Prof. Jan Frayne (CTO)

Jan is a Professor of Molecular Cell Biology at the University of Bristol. Her research is focussed on the development of in vitro systems to generate human erythroid cells from different stem cell sources, including adult, cord and iPSCs, and the molecular analysis of these cells.



Dr. Marjolein Meinders (Group Leader)

Marjolein ("MJ") has dedicated 15 years to study blood cell production, with the emphasis on red blood cells and megakaryocytes. Immediately prior to founding Scarlet she was a senior post-doctoral research in Prof Toye's lab. She also worked at Sanquin, the Dutch blood bank.





Why are red blood cells ideal therapeutic vehicles?

Safe

Mature red blood cells do not have a nucleus

Very low tumorigenicity risk compared to nucleated cell therapies

Long history of safe red blood cell transfusion and well understood

Excellent biocompatibility and predictable biodistribution

Enduring

• Lasts 120 days in circulation Amenable to dosing every ~3 months

Smart

Payload is hidden from the immune system

Allows broader range of payloads

 Red blood cells can be engineered for a range of therapeutic applications Flexible platform that can generate a broad pipeline of therapeutic products

Pervasive

 Red blood cells can travel anywhere in the body Potential to reach any tissue or organ



Revolutionizing the field

One platform, many applications

Bioreactors for treatment of metabolic disease \$60B

Immunotherapy

(artificial antigen presenting cell, autoimmune disease treatment) \$280B

Protein delivery vehicle

(enzyme replacement therapy) \$10B

Specialist transfusion indications

(sickle cell, rare blood group recipients)

General transfusion indications

(avoiding the requirement for blood typing and donors)





Key challenges for development of RBC therapies

All approaches to date have used cells from blood donations as the starting material for manufacturing





Scarlet's solutions

Production from cell lines

- Scarlet has exclusive IP on the cell line generation technology (only methodology known to date for RBC cell line production)
- Team has published paper on the world's best RBC producing cell line
- Manufacturing process more analogous to a biologic than a cell therapy

Production of highly universal RBC

- Highly universal RBC appropriate
 for vast majority of the population
- Off-the-shelf product (one product for all patients)
- Not achievable when using donated blood as starting material – needs cell line technology

<u>Technology for</u> <u>ensuring maximal</u> <u>RBC activity</u>

• Exclusive IP to ensure high level therapeutic protein level in RBC

Scalable manufacture



Reproducible manufacture





Sufficient loading of red blood cells with therapeutic proteins



Scarlet is world-leading in the development of universal RBC-producing cell lines

- Proprietary method for cell line creation
- Unique access to rare highly universal donors (to generate cell lines from)
- Cell line generation process is applicable to GMP
- >50 RBC producing cell lines generated to date





Expanding cell line

Differentiating cell line

Purified immature RBC



Our scalable manufacturing process for lab-grown RBCs







Our platform doesn't just simplify production, it unlocks the potential of engineered therapeutic RBCs







Our proprietary technology overcomes barriers to the creation of high activity therapeutic RBCs

Many proteins are normally lost during the cell differentiation process into RBCs, and mature RBCs cannot make new proteins...

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Expanding cells} \longrightarrow \text{RBC} \\ \text{GDH enzyme} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \text{Loading Control} \end{array}$

No maintenance of GDH enzyme

...however, Scarlet has proprietary technologies to maintain specific proteins during differentiation, unlocking new therapeutic opportunities.



High levels of GDH maintained



We have demonstrated retention and activity for a wide range of protein types





We have experience in clinical grade lab-grown RBC production

The RESTORE clinical study

- Prof Ash Toye, Scarlet's CSO, is a Pl
- Compares lab-grown RBC survival with donated red blood cells in human volunteers
- Experience of production of clinical grade lab-grown RBCs
- Protocol stated the study may be stopped for safety concerns or if the half-life is significantly worse for the manufactured cells
- <u>Conclusion</u>: At the interim analysis there are no safety concerns and the half-life of the lab-grown cells is promising



Intellectual Property



Scarlet's IP position

Exclusive License:

Scarlet has an exclusive license to the patent application and the knowhow covering the method of retaining therapeutic proteins expressed in RBCs

Exclusive License:

Scarlet has an exclusive license covering the cell line generation technology

Exclusive Access:

Scarlet has an exclusive research license to other BEL lines (BEL-P & BEL-C)

Unrivalled know-how:

Scarlet has an exclusive commercial license to BEL-A cells and the know-how related to generating them

Exciting future:

Scarlet will file IP related to specific constructs, product candidates, cell lines and production methodologies

Competitors



All competitors rely on donor-derived red blood cells.

These are difficult to manufacture reproducibly and at scale. They also require blood group matching, which requires personalised tailoring of product with patient. Encapsulation



- Ataxia Telangiectasia candidate therapy in phase 3
- Preclinical stage enzyme replacement therapy programs

Genetic engineering



- Flagship Ventures company
- Raised \$241m in IPO in 2018 (Mkt Cap -\$1.7B 2018, \$2.4B 2021)
- Various candidate therapies for relapsed/refractory or locally advanced solid tumors progressed into clinical studies
- After poor clinical results company has now ceased activities



First indications focusing on high unmet clinical need

Hyperammonemia

Causes:

- Urea cycle disorders (1:35,000⁽⁴⁾)
- Cirrhosis (1:400)

High Unmet Need (Urea Cycle Disorders):

- Neonatal onset mortality 24%⁽³⁾
- Late onset mortality 11%⁽³⁾

Market Leading Treatment: Ravicti®

- Cost per annual treatment course ~\$700'000⁽¹⁾
- Sales in US in 2022 : \$326M⁽²⁾, CAGR 12.5%

Potential Market for Urea Cycle Disorders only:

- US patient population estimated at ~5'000
- At annual treatment cost of \$500'000 the potential US market would be \$2.5B

(1) <u>FiercePharma</u>, <u>Pharmaceutical Technology.com</u>, <u>STATnews</u>

- (2) Horizon Annual Repor
- (3) <u>Batshaw et al.</u> (4) Summar et al.



Hyperoxaluria (oxalosis)

- **Primary Hyperoxaluria:** Three types, each caused by genetic defects in different genes
- Secondary Hyperoxaluria: caused by excess consumption of oxalate or precursor molecules, gut microflora imbalances, and bowel disease

High Unmet Need:

- Surgical removal of kidney stones
- Liver, kidney or dual liver/kidney transplantation

Current treatments:

 Focused on Primary Hyperoxaluria 1 – Oxlumo[™], Pyridoxine

Potential Primary Hyperoxaluria Market:

- It has been estimated that there are 5'000 individuals in the US⁽⁵⁾, although estimates vary
- 5'000 individuals with an annual treatment cost of \$400'000 would give a potential US market of \$2B.

(1)<u>MedlinePlus</u> (2)<u>FiercePharma</u> (3)<u>Canadian Journal of Health Technologies</u> (4)<u>Alnylam Annual Report</u> (5)<u>Cleveland Clinic</u>



Proof of Concept for Hyperammonemia

• Reticulocytes that converts ammonia to an amino acid



Ammonia reduction by reticulocytes

1.4 1.2 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.0

Cellular activity

nmol/min/cell	2.73E-07
nmol/day/cell	3.93E-04

- Normal systemic ammonia concentration $<50\mu$ M, severe hyperammonemia $\sim200\mu$ M
- To reduce systemic ammonia by 160μ M in 24hrs would require ~2x10⁹ reticulocytes

In vitro proof of concept also demonstrated for mitochondrial neurogastrointestinal encephalomyopathy (Meinders et al. 2020) and phenylketonuria

Amino acid production by reticulocytes



Roadmap to significant value generation:

1

Clinical proof of concept for the platform in high unmet need metabolic disease indications 2

Expand platform into other high value therapeutic indications via internal programs and/or through partnerships 3

Further expand platform into transfusion indications through internal programs and/or partnerships



Potential exits and valuation comparators:

Acquisition by therapeutics company (Biotech/Pharma) prior to clinical data

e.g. \$1.5B – Poseida Therapeutics acquisition by Sanofi

2

Acquisition by therapeutics company (Biotech/Pharma) at the clinical stage

e.g. \$1B – Gracell acquisition by AstraZeneca

3

Initial Public Offering (IPO)

e.g. ~\$2B – Rubius Therapeutics (no clinical data)



We have been pioneering RBC technologies for over a decade

2017	20	18 20	20	20 20	21 2	2022 202	23 2024	4
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Sc fou pu wc be pro ce (BE	arlet co- unders ublish orld's est RBC oducing ell line ELA)	Scarlet co- founders publish exemplification of increased RBC universality	Priority date of key <u>RBC</u> <u>loading</u> <u>patent</u> <u>application</u>	Scarlet co- founders publish exemplification of RBC loading technology	<u>First patient</u> <u>dosed in</u> <u>RESTORE</u> <u>clinical study</u>	Scarlet Founded – Pre-seed funding round Exclusive in-license of RBC loading technology Exclusive in-license of BELA cell line	£90k revenue secured from out- licensing of Scarlet cell line Scarlet labs become operational and first FTE employed	2 nd generation cell lines developed in Scarlet labs from highly universal donor 2 nd Innovate UK grant (£588k) Exclusive in- license of <u>cell</u> <u>line generation</u>
						Initial indications selected	1 st Innovate UK grant (£332k)	technology PoC of therapeutic enzyme expression for first product candidate



Financing requirements and milestones

£5M

in equity financing

Funding will last **24 months** and achieve the following milestones:

- In vivo exemplification data for, first product candidate
- Generation and selection of parental manufacturing cell line for universal RBC
- Generation of manufacturing cell line for first product candidate
- Determination of regulatory package for first clinical study
 - Expansion of IP portfolio



Summary

Pioneering a new therapeutic modality of **universal red blood cells for therapy** and transfusion

Game-changing cell line platform **enabling scalable and reproducible universal red blood cell production**, revolutionising manufacturing and greatly expanding platform applicability

Exclusive IP position on red blood cell producing cell line technology and technology for retention of therapeutic proteins to **ensure maximal therapeutic effect and "one product for all" product**

In vitro proof of concept for two metabolic disease indications

Experience with GMP production of lab grown red blood cells and red blood cell-based clinical studies; NHSBT/NIHR funded RESTORE clinical trial is ongoing

Broad applicability to **multi-billion dollar markets**

Thank you

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